

# roboception

Roboception GmbH | October 2023

## SGM<sup>®</sup> Producer

Release 23.10.0



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## 2 Introduction

The SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer is a software library for running stereo matching on a graphics card of a host computer for significantly increasing the frequency and reducing the latency for computing disparity images. It supports the rc\_visard and rc\_viscore. About 12.5 Hz can be reached for matching 1.2 MPixel images on an Nvidia GeForce RTX 2070. 4.6 Hz can be reached for matching 3 MPixel images on the same GPU. Higher frame rates are possible on more powerful Nvidia GPUs. Stereo matching without a graphics card on the CPU is also possible but significantly slower.

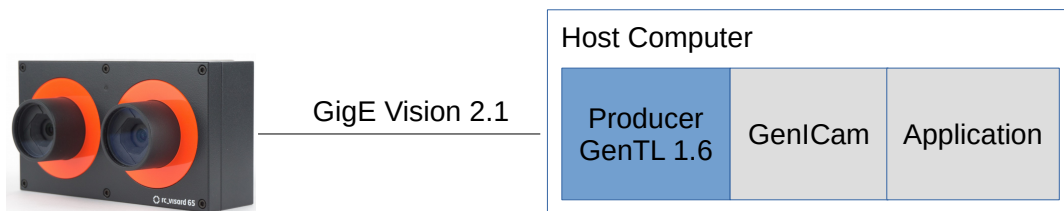


Figure 1: Overview of the rc\_visard and host computer. The producer is highlighted in blue.

In a GenICam application, the producer is responsible for communicating with the device, which in case of the rc\_visard uses the GigE Vision 2.1 standard.

The SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer replaces a standard GigE Vision<sup>®</sup> producer. It is compatible with all GenICam applications that use the GenTL 1.6 standard, e.g. Halcon from MVTec.

### 2.1 Prerequisites

The requirements on the host computer are:

- Supported operating systems include Windows 10 (64 bit), Ubuntu 20.04 (64 bit), Ubuntu 22.04 (64 bit) and other 64 bit Linux distributions
- On x86 architecture, the CPU must support the AVX2 instruction set. Almost all x86 CPUs that were manufactured from 2014 onward, especially the more powerful ones, provide this support.
- Nvidia GPU with compute capability 3.5 (i.e. Kepler architecture) or higher is highly recommended. The full functionality is also available without GPU support, but stereo matching will be very slow in this case.
- Supported camera that is connected to the host computer.

Supported cameras are:

- rc\_visard with firmware version 21.04.0 or higher
- rc\_viscore

The amount of required GPU memory and possible frame rates depend on the camera resolution, the configured depth quality, depth range and memory limitation using the RC\_SGM\_MAXMEM environment variable.

For rc\_visard, a depth image frame rate of 25 Hz can be reached on mid-range Nvidia GPUs. The maximum amount of required GPU memory is below 1200 MB in all modes.

For rc\_viscore with 16 mm lenses, the following table shows the required GPU memory and resulting frame rates on an Nvidia GeForce RTX 2070 card for some example configurations. rc\_viscore has an image resolution of 4112 x 3008 pixels and can deliver images with a maximum frame rate of 9 Hz.

DepthQuality	DepthMinDepth	DepthMaxDepth	RC_SGM_MAXMEM	GPU Memory	FPS
Low				553 MB	9 Hz
Medium				1057 MB	9 Hz
High				6043 MB	2.5 Hz
High	0.75 m			4343 MB	3.4 Hz
High	0.75 m	3 m	3312 MB	3639 MB	4.0 Hz
Full	1.6 m	3 m	7500 MB	7789 MB	1.8 Hz

Using HDR mode requires about 400 MB more GPU memory for rc\_viscore.

Please note that stereo matching in full quality (i.e. 12 Mpixel) is in most situations not needed and not recommended. Instead, we recommend using the high quality setting with appropriate limitations on the depth range and maximum SGM memory as shown in the table above.

## 3 Installation

### 3.1 Windows

The software for Windows is provided as a ZIP archive that can be downloaded from <https://roboception.com/en/download/>.

The ZIP archive can be unpacked anywhere on the local hard drive. The main directory of the ZIP archive contains the file `rc_sgm_producer.cti`. This directory must be added to an environment variable named `GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH` so that third party applications can find the producer.

- Type “env” in the Windows search field (on a German Windows system type “Umgebung”)
- Select “Edit the system environment variables” (if you have administrator rights) or “Edit environment variables for your account”
- Check if `GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH` exists and create it as new if it does not exist
- Add the path to the directory in which `rc_sgm_producer.cti` is located to this environment variable
- Several paths can be specified with “;” as separation character
- Leave the dialog with “OK”

**Important:** The main directory must also be added to the ‘PATH’ environment variable so that dependencies of the producer are found.

### 3.2 Ubuntu

The software for Ubuntu LTS consists of the debian package `rc-sgm-producer*.deb`. It can be downloaded from <https://roboception.com/en/download/>. The package can be installed with:

```
sudo dpkg -i rc-sgm-producer*.deb
```

If there are errors due to missing packages, they can be installed by calling:

```
sudo apt install --fix-broken
```

The directory `/opt/rc_sgm_producer/lib` contains the file `rc_sgm_producer.cti`, which should be included in the environment variable `GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH` so that third party applications can find the producer. In the bash shell, this can be done by:

```
export GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH=$GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH:/opt/rc_sgm_producer/lib
```

The command line can be added to `.bashrc` for permanently including the path.

### 3.3 Other Linux Distributions

For other Linux distributions, the producer can be installed from the archive file `rc_sgm_producer*.tgz`. The producer in the TGZ package was built with minimal dependencies and GUI tools are provided as Applimages to support a wide range of Linux distributions. It can be downloaded from <https://roboception.com/en/download/>.

The archive can be unpacked anywhere. It is recommended to unpack it under `/opt` as user root, e.g.

```
cd /opt
sudo tar xvfz <download-directory>/rc_sgm_producer*.tgz
```

The sub-directory `lib` contains the file `rc_sgm_producer.cti`, which must be included in the environment variable `GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH`. In the bash shell, this can be done by:

```
export GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH=$GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH:/opt/rc_sgm_producer/lib
```

The command line can be added to `.bashrc` for permanently including the path.

## 3.4 Environment Variables

The following environment variables influence the behavior of the producer:

- **RC\_SGM\_PRODUCER\_LEVEL:** This variable enables printing log information. By default, logging is done on stdout of the application that uses the producer. See **RC\_SGM\_PRODUCER\_LOG** for logging into a file. The possible log levels are given below. Higher levels include lower ones.
  - 0: Off (default)
  - 1: Fatal
  - 2: Error
  - 3: Warning
  - 4: Info
  - 5: Debug
  - 6: Trace (not recommended for general use as it can slow down the producer significantly)
- **RC\_SGM\_PRODUCER\_LOG:** This variable can be defined with the full path and name of the log file. Logging into this file is done according to the log level (see **RC\_SGM\_PRODUCER\_LEVEL**).
- **RC\_SGM\_MAXMEM:** Maximum amount of memory in MB that can be used as temporary memory for stereo matching. If a compatible GPU is available, this is memory on the GPU. The depth range will be reduced if this amount of memory is reached. The default is 0, which means unlimited.

## 4 Tools for setup, calibration and testing

*NOTE: The `rc_check`, `rc_calib` and `rc_viewer` tools are not contained in the TGZ package for Linux ARM64. Use the Linux `x86_64` or Windows packages for using these tools.*

### 4.1 `rc_check` tool (`rc_viscore` only)

The tool `rc_check` can be used for checking the network connection and basic setup of an `rc_viscore` device. In case of a misconfiguration, the tool also helps to reset the `rc_viscore` to factory defaults. The usage is self explanatory.

### 4.2 `rc_calib` tool (`rc_viscore` only)

The tool `rc_calib` can be used for checking and adjusting the focus and calibration of `rc_viscore` devices. `rc_visard` devices allow calibration in the Web GUI.

After starting the tool, select *File / Connect camera ...*, choose the `rc_viscore` from the list and specify the size of the calibration grid. Optionally limit the throughput, in case the cameras are connected via a 1 Gbit switch. After confirming the dialog, the tool will show the live images from the left and right cameras.

For checking and adjusting the focus, select *Adjust Focus* and follow the instructions in the `rc_viscore` documentation at <https://doc.rc-viscore.com/en/installation.html#adjust-focus>.

For checking the calibration and recalibration, select the appropriate calibration option. The procedure is the same as described in the `rc_cube` manual at [https://doc.rc-cube.com/latest/en/camera\\_calibration.html#verify-calibration](https://doc.rc-cube.com/latest/en/camera_calibration.html#verify-calibration).

**It is mandatory to always check the calibration after mounting the `rc_viscore`, changing the focus or aperture.**

### 4.3 `rc_viewer` tool

This is a live 3D viewer for `rc_visard` and `rc_viscore` devices. After starting the tool, select *File / Connect camera ...*. The dialog permits to choose between SGM producer and standard producer. For an `rc_viscore`, the SGM Producer must be used. For an `rc_visard`, stereo processing is done on the host computer with the SGM producer and on-board the `rc_visard` with a standard producer. Optionally, for an `rc_viscore` the bandwidth can be limited in case the cameras are connected via a 1 Gbit switch.

After confirming the connection dialog, the tool will show the live 3D view. If this is not the case, press the Reset to defaults button on the camera and depth tab panel or check for connection errors.

*Best results are retrieved by supporting 3D acquisition with the random dot projector. For continuous streaming, select `ExposureAlternateActive for Out1 / Projector` on the depth tab panel. For single shot acquisition with projector, select `SingleFrameOut1 as Acquisition mode` on the depth tab panel.*

**The framerate that is reached with `rc_viewer` tool can be lower than with the SGM®Producer alone, especially for `rc_viscore`, due to computational overhead for on-the-fly 3D mesh creation and rendering.**



## 5 GenICam Nodemap

The producer offers the same nodemap (i.e. parameters) for `rc_visard` and `rc_viscore` devices, although some may be disabled, depending on device capabilities. Most of the parameters are standard GenICam features. Their meaning and usage is described in the GenICam Standard Features Naming Convention (SFNC), e.g. [https://www.emva.org/wp-content/uploads/GenICam\\_SFNC\\_v2\\_7.pdf](https://www.emva.org/wp-content/uploads/GenICam_SFNC_v2_7.pdf).

There are also some proprietary parameters, which are described in the `rc_visard` documentation at <https://doc.rc-visard.com/latest/en/gigevision.html#custom-genicam-features-of-the-rc-xxx>.

The appendix shows the full nodemap of an `rc_viscore` device as an example.

### 5.1 Computing a Point Cloud

The producer provides depth data encoded in a disparity image. It can be retrieved by setting `ComponentSelector=Disparity` and `ComponentEnable=True`. The disparity image contains 16 bit unsigned integer values. These values must be multiplied by the scale value given in the GenICam feature `Scan3dCoordinateScale` to get the disparity values  $d$  in pixels. To compute the 3D object coordinates from the disparity values, the focal length and the baseline as well as the principle point are required. These parameters are provided as GenICam features `Scan3dFocalLength`, `Scan3dBaseline`, `Scan3dPrincipalPointU` and `Scan3dPrincipalPointV`. The focal length and principal point depend on the image resolution of the selected component.

Therefore, it is preferable to enable chunk data with the parameter `ChunkModeActive` and to use the chunk parameters `ChunkScan3dCoordinateScale`, `ChunkScan3dFocalLength`, `ChunkScan3dBaseline`, `ChunkScan3dPrincipalPointU` and `ChunkScan3dPrincipalPointV` that are delivered with every image, because their values already fit to the image resolution of the corresponding image.

Knowing these values, the pixel coordinates and the disparities can be transformed into 3D object coordinates in the camera coordinate frame. Assuming that  $d16_{ik}$  is the 16 bit disparity value at image column  $i$  and image row  $k$  of a disparity image, the float disparity in pixels  $d_{ik}$  is given by

$$d_{ik} = d16_{ik} \cdot \text{Scan3dCoordinateScale}$$

The 3D reconstruction in meters can be written with the GenICam parameters as:

$$\begin{aligned} P_x &= (i + 0.5 - \text{Scan3dPrincipalPointU}) \frac{\text{Scan3dBaseline}}{d_{ik}}, \\ P_y &= (k + 0.5 - \text{Scan3dPrincipalPointV}) \frac{\text{Scan3dBaseline}}{d_{ik}}, \\ P_z &= \text{Scan3dFocalLength} \frac{\text{Scan3dBaseline}}{d_{ik}}. \end{aligned}$$

The confidence image contains 8 bit unsigned integer values. These values have to be divided by 255 to get the confidence as value between 0 and 1.

The error image contains 8 bit unsigned integer values. The error  $e8_{ik}$  must be multiplied by the scale value given in the GenICam feature `Scan3dCoordinateScale` to get the disparity-error values  $d_{eps}$  in pixels. The depth error  $z_{eps}$  in meters can be computed with GenICam parameters as

$$z_{eps} = \frac{e8_{ik} \cdot \text{Scan3dCoordinateScale} \cdot \text{Scan3dFocalLength} \cdot \text{Scan3dBaseline}}{(d_{ik})^2}.$$

For texturing the point cloud, the image of the left camera can be used (i.e. component `Intensity`), which is perfectly registered to the disparity image. In general, the disparity image is smaller than the camera image, depending on the parameter `DepthQuality`. Depth quality `High` means that the width and height of the disparity image is two time smaller than camera image. With `Medium`, it is factor four and with `Low` it is factor six. It is easiest to just downscale the camera image by this integer factor and use the intensity or color of the corresponding pixel for the reconstructed 3D point.

## 6 Using SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer in Applications

The producer is a software library that implements the GenTL 1.6 interface. A GenICam compatible application is required for using the producer.

### 6.1 Halcon

Halcon fully supports the `rc_visard`, `rc_viscore` and the off-board producer. Halcon can only find the producer if the directory of the producer is specified in the environment variable `GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH` (see installation above). The GenICamTL package that is provided by MVTec must be installed additionally to Halcon.

For using the SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer in `hdevelop`, GenICamTL should be specified as the first parameter in the `open_framegrabber()` call. The device is identified either by the user-defined name or the device ID.

A good starting point to work with Halcon is the `rc_visard` example program (i.e. `gigevision2_roboception_rcvisard_objectm`) that is delivered with the Halcon GenICamTL package. The following modifications are needed for using it with the SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer:

- Specify 'GenICamTL' instead of 'GigEVision2' for the `open_framegrabber` command (the environment variable `GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH` must be set as described above).
- Remove or uncomment the line that is setting the parameter 'GevStreamDeliverIncompleteBlocks'. This parameter is not available in the SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer as it never publishes incomplete buffers.
- For color cameras, set the pixel format to 'RGB8'. The SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer does not support the pixel format 'YCbCr411\_8'.

### 6.2 C++ API

C++ programmers can use the `rc_genicam_api` convenience layer from Roboception that can be downloaded from [https://github.com/roboception/rc\\_genicam\\_api](https://github.com/roboception/rc_genicam_api). The package offers a C++ interface to GenICam and the producer. It includes a standard GigE Vision producer for communication with the `rc_visard`. The standard producer can be replaced by the SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer by setting the environment variable `GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH` to the directory of the SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer (see installation above).

The package contains tools for getting and setting parameters and receiving images. The tools also serve as examples for demonstrating the use of the API.

### 6.3 OpenCV

A tutorial for getting started with the `rc_visard` and OpenCV is provided at [https://tutorials.roboception.de/rc\\_visard\\_general/opencv\\_example.html](https://tutorials.roboception.de/rc_visard_general/opencv_example.html). The OpenCV example is based on the `rc_genicam_api` (see C++ API above). The SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer is used by setting the environment variable `GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH` to the directory of the SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer (see installation above).

### 6.4 ROS

ROS drivers are available for ROS 1 and ROS 2 on the ROS build farm. If ROS is already installed, the driver can be installed with:

```
sudo apt install ros-${ROS_DISTRO}-rc-genicam-driver
```

The SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer is used by setting the environment variable `GENICAM_GENTL64_PATH` to the directory of the SGM<sup>®</sup>Producer as discussed in the installation section above.

More information about the drivers is given in the readmes of the ROS 1 and ROS 2 drivers, i.e. [https://github.com/roboception/rc\\_genicam\\_driver\\_ros](https://github.com/roboception/rc_genicam_driver_ros) and [https://github.com/roboception/rc\\_genicam\\_driver\\_ros2](https://github.com/roboception/rc_genicam_driver_ros2).

## 7 Troubleshooting

NOTE: The SGM® Producer will never forward disparity, confidence or error images that are processed on-board the rc\_visard to avoid confusion. A normal GigE Vision producer should be used for enabling on-board processing.

If the application does not find the producer:

- Check and correct the GENICAM\_GENTL64\_PATH variable. Restart the application after changing the variable.

If an rc\_visard device cannot be discovered:

- Check with the rcdiscover tool <https://github.com/roboception/rcdiscover> that the device is listed and marked as 'reachable'. You may also verify that the Web GUI can be reached by double-clicking on the device in the rcdiscover window.
- Under Windows, the firewall or an anti-virus package may block the communication to network devices. Try to temporarily disable the firewall or anti-virus package to see if this is the cause.

If an rc\_visard is discovered, but cannot be opened:

- Ensure that the firmware version of the rc\_visard is at least 21.04.0. This can be checked on the system page of the rc\_visard Web GUI. If the firmware version is too low, an update can be downloaded from <https://roboception.com/en/download/> and uploaded via the Web GUI of the rc\_visard.

If an rc\_viscore device cannot be discovered or cannot be opened:

- Check with the included rc\_check tool (see tools for the rc\_viscore above) that the device is listed and marked as 'ok'. Follow the hints that are provided by this tool.
- If rc\_check cannot find the rc\_viscore or any individual cameras of it, then the IP configuration might be wrong. By default, the cameras try to find a DHCP server. If they cannot find one, e.g. because the cameras are connected directly to a computer as recommended, they assign themselves a link local address. In this case, the host port must be configured accordingly, which is the default under Windows, but must be done manually under Linux. Alternatively, a temporary IP address can be manually assigned with the rcdiscover tool <https://github.com/roboception/rcdiscover>. After starting the tool, uncheck "Only rc\_...devices" to see the individual cameras. The entry "Reachable" indicates if the IP configuration is correct. After setting a temporary IP address and making the cameras reachable, the IP configuration can be made permanent with the command line tool gc\_config from the rc\_genicam\_api package [https://github.com/roboception/rc\\_genicam\\_api](https://github.com/roboception/rc_genicam_api).

If the camera trigger does not work as expected:

- The rc\_viscore offers software and hardware triggering (see *TriggerMode* and *TriggerSource* features), which grab a single stereo image. Some modes like *ExposureAuto=HDR*, *DepthDoubleShot=1* or *DepthStaticScene=1* require more than one image for operation, thus multiple trigger are required for producing a result. Furthermore, the auto exposure cannot adapt without a continuous stream of images, thus if *DepthExposureAdaptTimeout* should be set to 0, which is the default, otherwise stereo matching may just wait for the next images. For using these modes, it is recommended to let the camera grab continuously and trigger acquisition of depth images instead, i.e. set *TriggerMode=Off*, *DepthAcquisitionMode=SingleFrameOut1* and call *DepthAcquisitionTrigger* for triggering a depth image.
- Enable printing or storing log information and check for messages about incomplete buffers. See next issue in this case.

If rc\_visard or rc\_viscore images cannot be received or if received buffers are incomplete:

- Try to connect the device directly (i.e. without switch) to the computer. In case of using a switch with an rc\_viscore, the switch should be connected with at least 2.5 Gbit to the host computer. If the switch only has a bandwidth of 1 Gbit to the host computer, the throughput of the rc\_viscore

must be limited by setting the GenICam parameters *DeviceLinkThroughputLimitMode=On* and *DeviceLinkThroughputLimit=110000000*. This limits the throughput to just under 1 Gbit.

- In case of an rc\_visard, check on the system page of the Web GUI that the link speed is 1000 Mbit/s. Replace the network cable or check the network port settings on your host computer if the link speed is lower than 1000 Mbit/s.
- For avoiding incomplete buffers, the MTU should be set to 9000 if possible. Under Windows, this is often called jumbo frames. Increasing the receive buffer may also help. More information about network setup and optimization is provided in a tutorial at [https://tutorials.roboception.de/rc\\_visard\\_general/network\\_setup.html](https://tutorials.roboception.de/rc_visard_general/network_setup.html).
- Under Windows, the firewall or an anti-virus package may block the communication to the device. Try to temporarily disable the firewall or anti-virus package to see if this is the cause.

If camera images can be received, but disparity, confidence and error images are not delivered:

- The most likely cause for never receiving disparity images is insufficient GPU memory. Try to reduce the depth quality with the GenICam parameter 'DepthQuality'. Additionally or alternatively, the disparity range can be reduced by the GenICam parameters 'DepthMinDepth' and 'DepthMaxDepth'. It is also possible to specify the maximum amount of memory with the environment variable RC\_SGM\_MAXMEM (see above). In this case, the producer increases the minimum depth as necessary in order to not exceed the given amount of memory.

If disparity, confidence and/or error images are delivered but the frequency is lower than expected:

- Check the display name of the producer (i.e. GenICam system) in your application. You may also install rc\_genicam\_api from [https://github.com/roboception/rc\\_genicam\\_api](https://github.com/roboception/rc_genicam_api) and call 'gc\_info -l' in the command line. It shows the display name in the first few lines of the output. Ensure that the display name reports your GPU. If not, then stereo matching is performed on the CPU, which is much slower than running it on the GPU. If an Nvidia GPU is installed on the computer, try updating the graphics card driver.
- Reducing the depth quality with the GenICam parameter 'DepthQuality' and/or reducing the disparity range with the GenICam parameters 'DepthMinDepth' and 'DepthMaxDepth' will increase the framerate.

Why are parameters reset when reconnecting to a camera?

- The SGM producer provides a virtual device that runs on the host computer and vanishes when a connection is closed. In case of rc\_visard, some parameters (e.g. for controlling exposure, gain, etc) are loaded from and stored on the camera, while others (e.g. for depth image computation) are only kept in memory of the host computer. In case of an rc\_viscore, all parameters start with default values when the connection is opened.

Still having problems?

- Create a log file by setting the environment variable RC\_SGM\_PRODUCER\_LEVEL to 5 and RC\_SGM\_PRODUCER\_LOG to the full path and name of the logfile to be generated. The log file is a normal text file that can be checked for errors or sent to Roboception support.
- Contact Roboception support via [support@roboception.com](mailto:support@roboception.com). The support team may ask you for a log file (see above).

## 8 Appendix: Example Nodemap of an rc\_viscore

```

Category: DeviceControl (RO)
  Enumeration: DeviceType (RO) [Transmitter Receiver Transceiver Peripheral]: Transmitter
  Enumeration: DeviceScanType (RO) [Areascan Linescan Areascan3D Linescan3D]: Areascan3D
  String: DeviceVendorName (RO): Roboception GmbH
  String: DeviceModelName (RO): rc_viscore 210m-16-12M-H1
  String: DeviceManufacturerInfo (RO): Roboception GmbH
  String: DeviceVersion (RO): 23.04.0
  String: DeviceFirmwareVersion (RO): 23.04.0
  String: DeviceSerialNumber (RO): GX045119
  String: DeviceID (RO): GX045119
  String: DeviceUserID (RW): GX045119
  Integer: DeviceSFNCVersionMajor (RO) [-9223372036854775808, 9223372036854775807]: 2
  Integer: DeviceSFNCVersionMinor (RO) [-9223372036854775808, 9223372036854775807]: 5
  Integer: DeviceSFNCVersionSubMinor (RO) [-9223372036854775808, 9223372036854775807]: 0
  String: DeviceManifestPrimaryURL (RO): local:rc_sgm_producer_v1.zip;10000000;5dee
  String: DeviceManifestSecondaryURL (RO):
  Enumeration: DeviceTLType (RO) [GigEVision CameraLink CameraLinkHS CoaXPress USB3Vision
    Custom]: GigEVision
  Integer: DeviceTLVersionMajor (RO) [0, 65535]: 2
  Integer: DeviceTLVersionMinor (RO) [0, 65535]: 1
  Integer: DeviceTLVersionSubMinor (RO) [-9223372036854775808, 9223372036854775807]: 0
  Integer: DeviceLinkSelector (RO) [-9223372036854775808, 9223372036854775807]: 0
  Integer: DeviceLinkSpeed (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 250000000 Bps
  Enumeration: DeviceLinkThroughputLimitMode (RW) [Off On]: Off
  Integer: DeviceLinkThroughputLimit (NA)
  Integer: DeviceLinkConnectionCount (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 1
  Integer: DeviceStreamChannelCount (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 1
  Integer: DeviceStreamChannelSelector (RW) [0, 0]: 0
  Enumeration: DeviceStreamChannelType (RO) [Transmitter Receiver]: Transmitter
  Enumeration: DeviceStreamChannelEndianness (RO) [Big Little]: Little
  Integer: DeviceEventChannelCount (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 0
  Enumeration: DeviceCharacterSet (RO) [UTF8 ASCII]: UTF8
  Enumeration: DeviceRegistersEndianness (RO) [Big Little]: Big
  Command: TimestampLatch (WO)
  Integer: TimestampLatchValue (RO) [0, 9223372036854775807]: 0 ns
  Boolean: RcSystemReady (RO): 1
  Integer: RcError (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 0
Category: ImageFormatControl (RO)
  Integer: WidthMax (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 4112
  Integer: HeightMax (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 6016
  Integer: Width (RO) [4, 4112]: 4112
  Integer: Height (RO) [4, 6016]: 3008
  Enumeration: PixelFormat (RW) [Mono8]: Mono8
  Enumeration: ComponentSelector (RW) [Intensity IntensityCombined Disparity Confidence Error
    RawCombined Calibration]: Intensity
  Boolean: ComponentEnable (RW): 1
  Integer: ComponentIDValue (RO) [-9223372036854775808, 9223372036854775807]: 1
  Integer: DecimationHorizontal (RO) [-9223372036854775808, 9223372036854775807]: 1
  Integer: DecimationVertical (RO) [-9223372036854775808, 9223372036854775807]: 1
Category: AcquisitionControl (RO)
  Enumeration: AcquisitionMode (RW) [SingleFrame Continuous MultiFrame]: Continuous
  Command: AcquisitionStart (RW)
  Command: AcquisitionStop (RW)
  Integer: AcquisitionFrameCount (RW) [1, 4294967295]: 0
  Float: AcquisitionFrameRate (RW) [1, 9]: 9 Hz
  Boolean: AcquisitionFrameRateEnable (RO): 1
  Float: ExposureTime (RW) [20, 2e+07]: 20000 us
  Enumeration: ExposureAuto (RW) [Off Continuous AdaptiveOut1 Out1High HDR]: Continuous
  Float: ExposureTimeAutoMax (RW) [20, 2e+07]: 111111 us
  Integer: ExposureRegionWidth (RW) [0, 4112]: 0

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Integer: ExposureRegionHeight (RW) [0, 3008]: 0  
 Integer: ExposureRegionOffsetX (RW) [0, 4112]: 0  
 Integer: ExposureRegionOffsetY (RW) [0, 3008]: 0  
 Enumeration: ExposureMode (RW) [Timed]: Timed  
 Enumeration: TriggerSelector (RW) [FrameStart]: FrameStart  
 Enumeration: TriggerSource (RW) [Software In1]: In1  
 Enumeration: TriggerActivation (RW) [RisingEdge FallingEdge AnyEdge]: RisingEdge  
 Float: TriggerDelay (RW) [0, 4.29497e+09]: 0 us  
 Enumeration: TriggerMode (RW) [Off On]: Off  
 Command: TriggerSoftware (RW)  
 Enumeration: AcquisitionAlternateFilter (RW) [Off OnlyHigh OnlyLow]: Off  
 Enumeration: AcquisitionMultiPartMode (RW) [SingleComponent SynchronizedComponents]:  
     SingleComponent  
 Float: RcExposureAutoAverageMax (RW) [0, 1]: 0.75  
 Float: RcExposureAutoAverageMin (RW) [0, 1]: 0.25  
 Category: AnalogControl (RO)  
 Enumeration: GainSelector (RO) [All]: All  
 Float: Gain (RW) [0, 48]: 0 dB  
 Float: Gamma (RW) [0.01, 10]: 0.5  
 Category: DigitalIOControl (RO)  
 Enumeration: LineSelector (RW) [Out1 Out2 Out3 In1 In2 In3 In4]: Out1  
 Enumeration: LineMode (RO) [Output]: Output  
 Float: RcLineRatio (RW) [0, 1]: 1  
 Boolean: LineInverter (RW): 0  
 Boolean: LineStatus (RO): 0  
 Integer: LineStatusAll (RO) [0x0, 0xff]: 0x0  
 Enumeration: LineSource (RW) [Low High ExposureActive ExposureAlternateActive]: Low  
 Category: RcCalibration (RO)  
 Float: RcCalibrationGridWidth (RW) [0, 5]: 0 m  
 Float: RcCalibrationGridHeight (RW) [0, 5]: 0 m  
 Float: RcCalibrationSensitiveAreaScale (RW) [0.5, 10]: 1  
 Enumeration: RcCalibrationState (RW) [Focus]: Focus  
 Boolean: RcCalibrationAvailable (RO): 1  
 Category: FileAccessControl (RO)  
 Enumeration: FileSelector (RW) [Calibration]: Calibration  
 Enumeration: FileOperationSelector (RW) [Open Close Read Write Delete]: Open  
 Enumeration: FileOpenMode (RW) [Read Write ReadWrite]: Read  
 Command: FileOperationExecute (RW)  
 Enumeration: FileOperationStatus (RO) [Success Failure Invalid]: Success  
 Integer: FileOperationResult (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 0 B  
 Integer: FileSize (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 0 B  
 Integer: FileAccessOffset (RW) [0, 4294967295]: 0 B  
 Integer: FileAccessLength (RW) [0, 4294967295]: 0 B  
 Register: FileAccessBuffer (RW)  
 Category: Scan3dControl (RO)  
 Enumeration: Scan3dDistanceUnit (RO) [Pixel]: Pixel  
 Enumeration: Scan3dOutputMode (RO) [DisparityC]: DisparityC  
 Float: Scan3dCoordinateScale (RO) [-1.79769e+308, 1.79769e+308]: 0.0625  
 Float: Scan3dCoordinateOffset (RO) [-1.79769e+308, 1.79769e+308]: 0  
 Boolean: Scan3dInvalidDataFlag (RO): 1  
 Float: Scan3dInvalidDataValue (RO) [-1.79769e+308, 1.79769e+308]: 0  
 Float: Scan3dFocalLength (RO) [-1.79769e+308, 1.79769e+308]: 4658.59 Pixel  
 Float: Scan3dBaseline (RO) [-3.40282e+38, 3.40282e+38]: 0.209542 m  
 Float: Scan3dPrincipalPointU (RO) [-1.79769e+308, 1.79769e+308]: 2056 Pixel  
 Float: Scan3dPrincipalPointV (RO) [-1.79769e+308, 1.79769e+308]: 1504 Pixel  
 Float: FocalLengthFactor (RO) [-3.40282e+38, 3.40282e+38]: 1.13293  
 Float: Baseline (RO) [-3.40282e+38, 3.40282e+38]: 0.209542 m  
 Category: DepthControl (RO)  
 Enumeration: DepthQuality (RW) [Low Medium High Full]: High  
 Integer: DepthFill (RW) [0, 4]: 3 pixel  
 Integer: DepthSeg (RW) [0, 4000]: 200 pixel  
 Float: DepthMinConf (RW) [0, 1]: 0.5  
 Float: DepthMinDepth (RW) [0.1, 100]: 0.1 m

Float: DepthMaxDepth (RW) [0.1, 100]: 100 m  
 Float: DepthMaxDepthErr (RW) [0.01, 100]: 100 m  
 Enumeration: DepthAcquisitionMode (RW) [SingleFrame SingleFrameOut1 Continuous]: Continuous  
 Command: DepthAcquisitionTrigger (RW)  
 Boolean: DepthSmooth (RW): 1  
 Boolean: DepthStaticScene (RW): 0  
 Boolean: DepthDoubleShot (RW): 0  
 Float: DepthExposureAdaptTimeout (RW) [0, 2]: 0 s  
 Category: ChunkDataControl (RO)  
 Boolean: ChunkModeActive (RW): 0  
 Enumeration: ChunkSelector (RW) [Image OffsetX OffsetY Width Height PixelFormat Timestamp LineStatusAll FrameID ComponentID ComponentIDValue Scan3dDistanceUnit Scan3dOutputMode Scan3dCoordinateScale Scan3dCoordinateOffset Scan3dInvalidDataFlag Scan3dInvalidDataValue Scan3dFocalLength Scan3dBaseline Scan3dPrincipalPointU Scan3dPrincipalPointV Components PartIndex DecimationHorizontal DecimationVertical LineSource]: Image  
 Boolean: ChunkEnable (RO): 0  
 Integer: ChunkFrameID (NA)  
 Integer: ChunkTimestamp (NA)  
 Integer: ChunkLineStatusAll (NA)  
 Float: ChunkExposureTime (NA)  
 Float: ChunkGain (NA)  
 Integer: ChunkWidth (NA)  
 Integer: ChunkHeight (NA)  
 Integer: ChunkOffsetX (NA)  
 Integer: ChunkOffsetY (NA)  
 Enumeration: ChunkPixelFormat (NA) [Mono8 Mono16 RGB8 Confidence8 Coord3D\_C16 Error8]:  
 Enumeration: ChunkComponentID (NA) [Intensity IntensityCombined Disparity Confidence Error]:  
 Integer: ChunkComponentIDValue (NA)  
 Enumeration: ChunkComponentSelector (NA) []:  
 Enumeration: ChunkScan3dDistanceUnit (NA) [Pixel]:  
 Enumeration: ChunkScan3dOutputMode (NA) [DisparityC]:  
 Enumeration: ChunkScan3dCoordinateSelector (RW) [CoordinateC]: CoordinateC  
 Float: ChunkScan3dCoordinateScale (NA)  
 Float: ChunkScan3dCoordinateOffset (NA)  
 Boolean: ChunkScan3dInvalidDataFlag (NA)  
 Float: ChunkScan3dInvalidDataValue (NA)  
 Float: ChunkScan3dFocalLength (NA)  
 Float: ChunkScan3dBaseline (NA)  
 Float: ChunkScan3dPrincipalPointU (NA)  
 Float: ChunkScan3dPrincipalPointV (NA)  
 Integer: ChunkComponents (NA)  
 Integer: ChunkPartIndex (NA)  
 Integer: ChunkDecimationHorizontal (NA)  
 Integer: ChunkDecimationVertical (NA)  
 Enumeration: ChunkLineSelector (RW) [Out1 Out2 Out3 In1 In2 In3 In4]: Out1  
 Enumeration: ChunkLineSource (NA) [Low High ExposureActive ExposureAlternateActive]:  
 Boolean: ChunkLineStatus (NA)  
 Float: ChunkRcLineRatio (NA)  
 Float: ChunkRcNoise (NA)  
 Float: ChunkRcOut1Reduction (NA)  
 Boolean: ChunkRcTest (NA)  
 Float: ChunkRcBrightness (NA)  
 Boolean: ChunkRcAutoExposureAdapting (NA)  
 Boolean: ChunkRcReducedDepthRange (NA)  
 Float: ChunkRcMinDepth (NA)  
 Float: ChunkRcMaxDepth (NA)  
 Boolean: ChunkRcCalibrationDataCollectedFlag (NA)  
 Float: ChunkRcCalibrationError (NA)  
 Category: TestControl (RO)  
 Enumeration: TestPayloadFormatMode (RW) [Off MultiPart]: Off  
 Category: TransportLayerControl (RO)  
 Integer: TLParamsLocked (RW) [-9223372036854775808, 9223372036854775807]: 0  
 Integer: PayloadSize (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 173165060 B

Category: PtpControl (RO)  
Boolean: PtpEnable (RW): 0  
Command: PtpDataSetLatch (WO)  
Enumeration: PtpStatus (RO) [Initializing Faulty Disabled Listening PreMaster Master  
Passive Uncalibrated Slave]: Disabled  
Integer: PtpOffsetFromMaster (RO) [-2147483648, 2147483647]: 0 ns

Category: GigEVision (RO)  
Integer: GevStreamChannelSelector (RW) [0, 0]: 0  
Integer: GevSCPSPacketSize (RO) [0, 4294967295]: 7500  
Integer: GevSCPD (RW) [0, 1000]: 0 ns  
Integer: GevInterfaceSelector (RW) [0, 1]: 0  
Integer: GevMACAddress (RO) [0:0:0:0:0:0, ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff]: 0:c:8d:60:b0:3f  
Boolean: GevCurrentIPConfigurationDHCP (RW): 1  
Boolean: GevCurrentIPConfigurationPersistentIP (RW): 0  
Boolean: GevCurrentIPConfigurationLLA (RO): 1  
Integer: GevCurrentIPAddress (RO) [0.0.0.0, 255.255.255.255]: 172.23.42.4  
Integer: GevCurrentSubnetMask (RO) [0.0.0.0, 255.255.255.255]: 255.255.255.240  
Integer: GevCurrentDefaultGateway (RO) [0.0.0.0, 255.255.255.255]: 172.23.42.1  
Integer: GevPersistentIPAddress (RW) [0.0.0.0, 255.255.255.255]: 0.0.0.0  
Integer: GevPersistentSubnetMask (RW) [0.0.0.0, 255.255.255.255]: 0.0.0.0  
Integer: GevPersistentDefaultGateway (RW) [0.0.0.0, 255.255.255.255]: 0.0.0.0